

## Field of the Invention

## Background of the Invention

Destination and other such systems additionally include an automatic recording feature which allow users to instruct VCRs to automatically record specific upcoming television programs, days, weeks, or even months before they actually occur. The instructions typically designate a channel, a start time, and an end time, and the systems log, or register, the instructions, for future execution. Once registered, the systems automatically select the designated channels and begin and end recordings at the designated times.

25           Although this feature provides a wonderful convenience for users, it also creates a high likelihood that users will forget previously-logged recording instructions, which in turn can cause several problems for users. For example, a user may load a video cassette without enough “room” to record an entire program or even forget to load any cassette at all. Thus, the system will be unable to execute a registered recording

instruction, resulting in partial or complete loss of a recording opportunity.

Additionally, users often forget to remove rewind video cassettes from their VCRs and inadvertently allow their systems to automatically record over priceless, one-of-a-kind recordings of births, marriages, graduations, etc.

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### Summary of the Invention

To address these and other shortcomings, the present invention provides a method and system of reminding users about scheduled recordings. Specifically, one embodiment of the method entails scheduling a data recording for a specific time, and then outputting a reminder signal before the specific time of the data recording. In other embodiments, the method outputs a reminder signal concerning recording media and allows a user to cancel the data recording after the reminder signal is output.

One embodiment of the system includes a receiver for receiving a channel signal which carries a sequence of programs, a recording device for recording one of the programs, and an output device for outputting a reminder signal. In preferred system embodiments, the recording device includes a video-cassette recorder, and the output device includes a computer and a display.

The reminder method and system of the present invention is particularly useful in reminding users to load recording devices, such as video cassette recorders, with sufficient tape to record an entire program, thereby preventing the sometimes <sup>costly loss</sup> ~~costly loss~~ of a recording opportunity. Additionally, the reminder method and system safeguards against over-recording of one-of-a-kind recordings of births, marriages, graduations, etc., which users may inadvertently leave in a recording device.

Other embodiments, aspects and advantages of the invention will become apparent after considering the accompanying drawings and the following detailed description.

## Brief Description of the Drawings

The present invention is described with reference to three accompanying drawings. In the drawings, or figures, like reference numbers indicate identical or functionally-similar elements. Additionally, the left-most digit of each reference number identifies the figure where each reference number first appears.

- Figure 1 is a diagram of a PC-TV system incorporating the invention;  
Figure 2 is a table illustrating a data structure for a reminder database feature of the PC-TV system; and  
Figure 3 is a flowchart of a method incorporating the invention.

## Description of the Preferred Embodiments

The following detailed description, which references and incorporates Figures 1-3, describes and illustrates specific preferred embodiments of the invention. These embodiments, offered not to limit but only to exemplify and teach the invention, are shown and described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention. Thus, where appropriate to avoid obscuring the invention, the description may omit certain information known to those of skill in the art.

Figure 1 shows a new PC-TV (or convergence) system 100, which includes a reminder database and related reminder-generation software. Specifically, PC-TV system 100, which preferably incorporates all features of the Destination PC-TV system from Gateway 2000, Inc. of North Sioux City, South Dakota, includes a monitor 110, a tuner-receiver 120, a personal computer 130, and a recording device 140.

Monitor 110, the heart of the system from a user perspective, displays video programming from tuner-receiver 120 or personal computer 130. Monitor 110 also includes built-in audio speakers (not shown) for outputting audible signals. In the preferred embodiment, the monitor provides a super-VGA display format.

Tuner-receiver 120 receives audio or video or digital data signals via direct connection or wireless coupling to a multi-channel programming source. The signals for a given channel carry a scheduled sequence of programs, or programming events.

The preferred embodiment, tuner-receiver 120 accepts cable television signals, local over-the-air broadcast signals, and direct satellite television signals.

Computer 130, operatively coupled to monitor 110 and tuner-receiver 120, includes a processor 131, a local memory 132, mass-data-storage devices 133 and 134, a  
5 modem 135, a clock 136, and a set of user interface devices 137. Interface devices 137 include a keyboard 137A, a mouse or other pointing device 137B, and a microphone 137C, all of which support user interaction with a graphical user interface, preferably a version of Microsoft Windows.

Mass data-storage device 133, preferably a computer-controllable video cassette  
10 recorder (VCR) or other recording device, records audio, video, or digital data on a replaceable read-write, data-storage medium, such as a magnetic recording tape. However, the invention encompasses any device capable of recording and storing audio, video, or digital data.

Mass-data-storage device 134, which preferably includes a hard drive, stores a  
15 reminder database 134A which stores timing data governing the output of reminder signals. Figure 2 shows details of the preferred embodiment of the database, which comprises a number of reminder records. Each record includes a remind-time field which governs when a particular reminder occurs. In other embodiments, the record also includes a duration field which specifies the length of time of the scheduled  
20 recording, and a message field which lists a particular reminder message to be output.

Storage device 134 also includes reminder-generation software 134B which  
cooperates with reminder database 134A. Software 134B operates within a broader software architecture which controls numerous other functions and services of PC-TV system 100. For example, the software may operate within the software architecture  
25 disclosed in co-pending, co-assigned and co-filed patent application "Architecture for Convergence Systems," which has the same assignee and filing date as the present application and which is hereby incorporated by reference.

When executed, reminder-generation software 134B causes system 100 to operate according to the preferred method illustrated in Figure 3. The method begins at

step 300 with a system user starting system 100 and invoking a data-storage control mode for data-storage device 133.

Step 310 entails scheduling a recording session to begin and end at specific times. In the preferred embodiment, the system user enters a data channel identifier, a date, a start time, and an end time into the system using keyboard 133A. The data channel identifier may identify a television channel or in fact any communication channel that carries recordable data. In other embodiments, this scheduling step references an electronic program guide or other database of channel program schedules.

Step 320 allows the system user to set a reminder for the scheduled recording event. Specifically, the system prompts the user to decide not only whether the system will output a reminder signal for the scheduled recording event, but also when the reminder will occur. In the preferred embodiment, the system default is to provide a reminder signal one hour before the recording event. The user can override the reminder signal altogether or establish another time interval. For example, the user may prefer to have 24-hours notice of the recording event to buy new recording media, for example, a blank video cassette.

In step 330, the system prompts the user to schedule additional recording sessions. The sequence of steps 310-330 allows the user to define a unique remind interval for each recording session. Thus, for example, the user could define a 24-hour remind interval for one recording session and 2-hour remind session for another recording session. If the users has no more recording session to schedule, the system proceeds to step 340.

In step 340, the system determines remind times based on the recording instructions (scheduled recordings) and their respective remind intervals. In the preferred embodiment, this entails subtracting each remind interval from the start time of its respective recording session.

In step 350, the system stores these remind times in reminder database 133A. In the preferred embodiment, this storing entails adding the remind times to the database and then sorting the database chronologically to list the earliest remind times first.



suitable recording media, thereby not only safeguarding highly-prized recordings of family events, such as births, marriages, and graduations, from inadvertent over-recording, but also ensuring that the recording devices have sufficient recording media to record an entire programming event.

- 5           The embodiments described above are intended only to illustrate and teach one or more ways of practicing or implementing the present invention, not to restrict its breadth or scope. The scope of the invention, intended to encompass all ways of practicing or implementing the invention, is defined only by the following claims and their equivalents.

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